Roll No.

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GSQ/D-20 1055 MATHEMATICS BM-353 Numerical Analysis

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 30

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit. Q. No. **1** is compulsory.

(Compulsory Question)

| 1. | (a) | Show that $\bigwedge_{y, z}^{2} x^{2}$ is independent of x, y, z. | 11/2 |
|----|-----|---|------|
| | (b) | State Gauss's Forward Interpolation Formula. | 11/2 |
| | (c) | Define Poisson's distribution. | 11/2 |
| | (d) | State Simpson's 1/3rd quadrative formula. | 11/2 |
| | | | |

Unit I

2. (a) State and prove Newton-Gregory Formula. 3

(b) Find the value of an annuity at $5\frac{3}{8}\%$, given the following table : 3

| Rate per cent | 4 | $4\frac{1}{2}$ | 5 | $5\frac{1}{2}$ | 6 |
|---------------|----------|----------------|----------|----------------|----------|
| Annuity value | 17.29203 | 16.28889 | 15.37245 | 14.53375 | 13.76483 |

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3. (a) Given the following data, find f(x) in polynomial process of (x-5): 3

| x | 0 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 7 | 9 |
|------|---|----|----|-----|-----|-----|
| f(x) | 4 | 26 | 58 | 112 | 466 | 922 |

(b) The values of function f(x) for values of x are given as f(1) = 4, f(2) = 5, f(7) = 5, f(8) = 4. Find values of f(6) and also value for x for which f(x) is maximum or minimum. 3

Unit II

- 4. (a) Derive Gauss Backward Interpolation formula. 3
 (b) Apply Bessel's formula for finding the values of y for x = 3.75 given that : 3
 f (2.5) = 24.145, f (3.0) = 22.043, f (3.5) = 20.225, f (4.0) = 18.644, f (4.5) = 17.262, f (5.0) = 16.047.
- 5. (a) Find the probability distribution of the number of doublets in 4 throws of a pair of dice.3
 - (b) A manufacturer of bulb knows that 5% of his production is defective. If he sells bulbs in boxes of 100 and guarantees that not more than 4 bulbs will be defective, what is the approximate probability that a box will fail to meet the guaranteed quality? (Take $e^{-5} = 0.0067$) 3

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Unit III

6. (a) The distance(s) covered by a car in a given time (t) is given in the following data : 3

| Time (minutes) | 12 | 14 | 18 | 20 | 24 |
|----------------|----|----|----|----|----|
| Distance (km) | 14 | 18 | 23 | 25 | 34 |

Find the acceleration of the car at t = 17.

(b) Find the largest eigen values and the corresponding eigen-vector of the matrices : **3**

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
-1 & 1 & 2 \\
0 & 1 & -1 \\
4 & -2 & -9
\end{array}$$

7. Transform the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ to tri-diagonal form

by Given's method. Find the eigen vector corresponding to the largest eigen value from the eigen vectors of the tri-diagonal matrix. **6**

Unit IV

| 8. | (a) | Evaluate $\int_0^4 e^x dx$, by Simpson's one-third rule u | sing |
|----|-----|--|------|
| | | the data : | 3 |
| | | $e = 2.72, e^2 = 7.39, e^3 = 20.09, e^4 = 54.60$ | |

3

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(b) Apply Runge-Kutta method to solve
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x + y$$
;
 $y(0) = 1$ for $x = 0.1$. 3

9. (a) Solve the following by Euler's modified method

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \log_{10} (x + y), \text{ at } x = 1.2 \text{ and } 1.4 \text{ with } h = 0.2,$$
given $y(0) = 2.$
3

given
$$y(0) = 2$$
. 3
(b) Use Picard's method to find the third approximation
of the following differential equation : 3
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = y - 1, y(0) = 2$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y - 1, \ y(0) = 2$$