

Roll No.

Total Pages : 03

GSQ/D-20

1061

PHYSICS

Paper X

Nuclear Physics

Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 40

Note : Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit. Q. No. **1** is compulsory. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

(Compulsory Question)

1. (a) What do you mean by quadrupole moment of the nucleus ? 2
- (b) Define mass attenuation coefficient. 2
- (c) What are the limitations of cyclotron ? 2
- (d) Name the conservation laws of nuclear reaction. 2

Unit I

2. (a) Describe the structure of nucleus. Explain, why electrons cannot be constituents of nucleus ? 5

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- (b) A nucleus with $A = 235$ splits into two fragments whose mass numbers are in the ratio of 3:2. Find the radii of the two fragments. Also find the separation between the fragments at the moment of splitting. **3**
3. (a) Explain the construction and working of Bain Bridge and Jordan double focussing mass spectrograph. What are its main advantages ? **6**
- (b) Calculate the average binding energy per nucleon for ${}_{28}^{64}\text{Ni}$ having mass 63.9280 amu. Given $m_p = 1.007825$ amu and $m_n = 1.008665$ amu. **2**

Unit II

4. (a) Discuss the theory of α -disintegration with the help of quantum mechanical tunneling. **6**
- (b) Compare the radiation loss with the ionisation loss for 2 MeV β -particles in lead. Calculate the β -energy for which these losses are equal in lead. Atomic number of lead is 82. **2**
5. Discuss in brief the three processes of interaction of γ -photon with matter by which radiation loses energy while passing through matter. **8**

Unit III

6. (a) Describe a tandem accelerator. Give its merits. **6**
(b) A uniform magnetic field of 2 Wb/N^2 is used in a cyclotron to accelerate the protons. The radius of the cyclotron is 0.64 m . Calculate, how rapidly the electric field between the dees should be reversed ? **2**
(Mass of proton = $1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$; Charge of proton = $1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$)
7. (a) What is a scintillation counter ? Give its construction and working. **6**
(b) A GM counter wire collects 10^8 electrons per discharge. When the counting rate is 500 counts/min , what will be the average current in the circuit ? **2**

Unit IV

8. Define Q-value of a reaction. Derive an expression for Q-value in case of two body system. **8**
9. (a) Explain the terms nuclear fission and fusion. Give example of each. **4**
(b) Discuss the principle, construction and working of nuclear fission reactor. **4**